

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sheet mount cleaning kit A

IP6-261

OKI DATA CORPORATION

Issuing Date: 1 April, 2018



Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING 1.1 Product identifier Product Name : Sheet mount cleaning kit A Product Code : IP6-261 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Inkjet Ink 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer's Name : **OKI Data Corporation** 4-11-22 Shibaura, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan Tel: +81-(0)3-5445-6111 Distributor: OKI Data (Australia) Pty Ltd. Level 1 67 Epping Road, Macquarie Park NSW 2113, Australia Tel: +61-2-8071-0000 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

<Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008> Classification Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

<Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008>

Hazard pictograms



	Signal word:	Danger
	Hazard statements	Causes skin irritation.
		Causes serious eye damage.
	Precautionary statements	
	Prevention:	Wear eye protection/ face protection.
		Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.
	Response:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
		IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
		Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	Hazardous components which m	ust be listed on the label:
		γ-butyrolactone
3 (Other hazards	
	Vapours may form explosive mix	ture with air.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

2.3



Main Ingredients	Content(%)	CAS-No.	EC-No.	Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
bis(2-ethoxyethyl)ether	>90	112-36-7	203-963-7	-	Skin Irrit. 2; H315
γ-butyrolactone	<10	96-48-0	202-509-5	-	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

I Description of mist ald medisure	
General advice:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
Protection of first-aiders:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.
If inhaled:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of skin contact:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately
If swallowed:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2 Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Risks:	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage.
4.3 Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment:	Treat symptomatically and supportively
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	3
Suitable extinguishing	Mator spray

Suitable extinguishing	Water spray
media:	Alcohol-resistant foam
	Dry chemical
	Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Linguitable Extinguishing	Madia

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.



Specific hazards during fire-fighting:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products:	Carbon oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	

Special protective equipme	nt In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
for firefighters:	Use personal protective equipment.
Specific extinguishing methods:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal precautions:	Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment.
	Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.
6.2 Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions:	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Environmental precautions:	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
·	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
	Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or
	oil barriers).
	Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages
	cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:	Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
	Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
	For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate
	containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked
	material can be pumped, store recovered material in
	appropriate container.
	Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
	Local or national regulations may apply to releases and
	disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
	Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures:

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE



	CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation:	Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:	Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures:	Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers:	Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Advice on common storage:	Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Explosives
	Gases
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s):	
Specific use(s): 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PE	Gases No data available
Specific use(s): 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PE 8.1 Control parameters	Gases No data available RSONAL PROTECTION
Specific use(s): 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PE 8.1 Control parameters	Gases No data available

End Use: Workers

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects

γ-butyrolactone:



	— ———
	Value: 130 mg/m3
	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation
	Potential health effects: Acute systemic effects
	Value: 958 mg/m3
	End Use: Workers
	Exposure routes: Skin contact
	Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 19 mg/kg
	End Use: Consumers
	Exposure routes: Inhalation
	Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects
	Value: 28 mg/m3 End Use: Consumers
	Exposure routes: Inhalation
	Potential health effects: Acute systemic effects
	Value: 340 mg/m3
	End Use: Consumers
	Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects
	Value: 8 mg/kg
	End Use: Consumers
	Exposure routes: Ingestion
	Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 8 mg/kg
Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)	according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:
γ-butyrolactone:	Fresh water
γ-batyrolacione.	Value: 0.056 mg/l
	Marine water
	Value: 0.0056 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release Value: 0.56 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant
	Value: 452 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment
	Value: 0.24 mg/kg Marine sediment
	Value: 0.02 mg/kg
	Soil
	Value: 0.0147 mg/kg
8.2 Exposure controls	
Engineering measures:	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
	Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust
	ventilation.
Personal protective equipment	
Eye protection:	Wear the following personal protective equipment:
	Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.
	If splashes are likely to occur, wear:Face-shield
Hand protection	
Material:	Nitrile rubber
	butyl-rubber
Remarks:	Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending
	on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not
	determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special
	applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to



	chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
Skin and body protection:	Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Wear the following personal protective equipment: Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective
	clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.
Filter type:	Organic vapour type (A)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearan	ice:	liquid
Color:		Colorless
Odor		solvent-like
Odor Thre	eshold:	No data available
pH:		No data available
Melting po	pint/freezing point:	No data available
Initial boil range:	ing point and boiling	No data available
Flash poir	nt:	71 °C
		Method: Cleveland open cup
Evaporati	on rate:	No data available
Flammab	ility (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper exp	olosion limit:	No data available
Lower exp	olosion limit:	No data available
Vapour pi	ressure:	No data available
Relative v	apour density:	No data available
Density:		0.9-1.1g/cm3 (25°C)
Water sol	ubility:	soluble
Solubility	in other solvents	soluble Solvent: organic solvents
Partition on n-octanol	coefficient: /water:	Not applicable
Auto-ignit	ion temperature:	No data available
Thermal of	decomposition:	No data available
Viscosity,	dynamic:	5 - 15 mPa.s (25 °C)
Explosive	properties:	Not explosive
Oxidizing	properties:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
9.2 Other inform	nation	

No data available



Not classified as a reactivity hazard.		
10.2 Chemical stability		
Stable under normal condition		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous read	ctions	
Hazardous reactions:	Combustible liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid:	Heat, flames and sparks.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid:	Oxidizing agents	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition p	roducts	
No hazardous decompositio	n products are known.	
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORM	ΛΑΤΙΟΝ	
11.1 Information on toxicological	effects	
Information on likely routes of exposure:	Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion,	
Acute toxicity:	Not classified based on available information.	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>		
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat): 4,970 mg/kg	
<γ-butyrolactone>		
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat): 1,582 mg/kg	
Acute dermal toxicity:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist	
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Causes skin irritation.	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>		
Result:	Skin irritation	
Remarks:	Based on data from similar materials	
<γ-butyrolactone>		
Species:	Rabbit	
Result:	No skin irritation	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>		
Species:	Rabbit	
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 405	
Result:	No eye irritation	
<γ-butyrolactone>		
Species:	Rabbit	
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 405	
Result:	Irreversible effects on the eye	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	2	
Skin sensitization:	Not classified based on available information.	
Respiratory sensitisation:	Not classified based on available information.	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>		



Test Type:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes:	Skin contact
Species:	Mouse
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result:	negative
Remarks:	Based on data from similar materials
	Dased on data from similar materials
<γ-butyrolactone>	Local lymph pode accov (LLNA)
Test Type:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA) Skin contact
Exposure routes:	
Species:	
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result:	negative
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified based on available information.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Genotoxicity in vitro	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
	Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Genotoxicity in vitro	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Carcinogenicity	Not classified based on available information.
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Species:	Rat
Application Route:	Ingestion
Exposure time:	103 weeks
Result:	negative
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified based on available information.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Effects on fertility	Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
	Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
<y-butyrolactone></y-butyrolactone>	Roball Rogalito
Effects on fertility	Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with
	the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative



STOT - single exposure: <γ-butyrolactone>	Not classified based on available information.
Assessment:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT - repeated exposure:	Not classified based on available information.
Repeated dose toxicity	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Species:	Rat
NOAEL:	2.49 mg/l
Application Route:	inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time:	4 w
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 412
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Species:	Rat
NOAEL:	225 mg/kg
Application Route:	Ingestion
Exposure time:	13 w
Aspiration toxicity:	Not classified based on available information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.1 Toxicity

12.1 Toxicity	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Toxicity to fish:	LC50 : > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:	LC50 : 6,600 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to bacteria:	NOEC : > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):	EC10: 7.38 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Toxicity to fish:	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 56 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 31.25 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to bacteria:	IC50 : 4,518 mg/l Exposure time: 40 h
12.2 Persistence and degradability	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Biodegradability:	Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F



- <γ-butyrolactone>
 - Biodegradability:

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<Bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether>

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.39

- <q-butyrolactone>
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.566
- 12.4 Mobility in soil
 - No data available
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product:	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Contaminated packaging:	Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

- 14.2 UN proper shipping name Not regulated as a dangerous good
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not regulated as a dangerous good
- 14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous



	chemicals:	Not applicable
	REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).:	Not applicable
	Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the	
	ozone layer:	Not applicable
	Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants:	Not applicable
	Seveso II - Directive 2003/105/EC amending Council Directive 96/82/EC on the control of major-accident hazards involving	
	dangerous substances:	Not applicable
2	Chemical Safety Assessment	

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-Phrases

R22:Harmful if swallowed.

R38:Irritating to skin.

R41:Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R67:Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Full text of H-Statements

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H315:Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H336:May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.:	Acute toxicity.
Eye Dam.:	Serious eye damage.
STOT SE:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure.
2000/39/EC:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GB EH40:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits.
2000/39/EC / TWA:	Limit Value - eight hours.
GB EH40 / TWA:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period).

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

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