

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Daily maintenance kit A

IP7-230

**OKI DATA CORPORATION** 

Issuing Date: 1 April, 2018



# Safety Data Sheet

# IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING Product identifier Product Name : Daily maintenance kit A Product Code : IP7-230 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Inkjet Ink Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer's Name : OKI Data Corporation 4-11-22 Shibaura, Minato-ku, Tokyo , Japan Tel: +81-(0)3-5445-6111 Distributor: OKI Data (Australia) Pty Ltd. Level 1 67 Epping Road, Macquarie Park NSW 2113, Australia Tel: +61-2-8071-0000

# < Cap cleaning liquid A>

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

<Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008>

Not a hazardous.

2.2 Label elements

<Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008>

Not a hazardous

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS Substances

Main Ingredients	Content(%)	CAS-No.	EC-No.	Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	>95	124-17-4	204-685-9	-	None

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders:	No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders
If inhaled:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of skin contact:	Wash with water and soap as a precaution. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of eye contact:	Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If swallowed:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.



4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively
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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing Water spray media: Alcohol-resistant foam Dry chemical Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products:	Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipmer	nt Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
for firefighters:	Use personal protective equipment.
Specific extinguishing methods:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Personal precautions:Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment<br/>recommendations.6.2 Environmental precautionsDischarge into the environment must be avoided.<br/>Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.<br/>Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).<br/>Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.<br/>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be<br/>contained.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

 Methods for cleaning up:
 Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.



#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Technical measures:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation:	Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures:	Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc	cluding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers:	Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Advice on common storage:	Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Specific use(s):	No data available

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

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2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate:	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 85 mg/m3 End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 24 mg/kg End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 43 mg/m3 End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 12 mg/kg End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Ingestion Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 12 mg/kg
Predicted No Effect Concentration	(PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate:	Fresh water Value: 0.108 mg/l Marine water Value: 0.0108 mg/l Intermittent use/release Value: 0.6 mg/l Fresh water sediment Value: 0.8 mg/kg Marine sediment Value: 0.8 mg/kg



Soil Value: 0.29 mg/kg Oral Value: 70 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures:	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
Personal protective equipme	nt
Eye protection:	Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety glasses
Hand protection	
Remarks:	Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
Skin and body protection:	Skin should be washed after contact.
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.
Filter type:	Organic vapour type (A)

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	on ou baolo phyoical a	and chomical properties
Appeara	ance:	liquid
Color:		colorless
Odor		solvent-like
Odor Th	nreshold:	No data available
pH:		No data available
Melting	point/freezing point:	No data available
Initial bo boiling r	biling point and ange:	No data available
Flash po	oint:	114°C
		Method: Cleveland open cup
•	ation rate:	No data available
Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper e	explosion limit:	10.7 %(V)
Lower e	explosion limit:	0.7 %(V) ( 93 °C)
Vapour	pressure:	No data available
Relative	e vapour density:	No data available
Density	:	0.98-1.02g/cm3
Water s	olubility:	65 g/l partly soluble
	n coefficient: ol/water:	Not applicable
Auto-igr	nition temperature:	No data available
Therma	I decomposition:	No data available
Viscosit	y, dynamic:	No data available
Explosiv	ve properties:	Not explosive
Oxidizin	g properties:	The substance is not classified as oxidizing.
9.2 Other info	ormation	
		No data available



10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
10.1 Reactivity	
Not classified as a reactivity haz	ard.
10.2 Chemical stability	
Stable under normal conditions.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reaction	S
Hazardous reactions: Ca	an react with strong oxidizing agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid: No	one known.
10.5 Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid: Ox	kidizing agents
10.6 Hazardous decomposition produ	icts
No hazardous decomposition pr	oducts are known.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMAT	
11.1 Information on toxicological effect	
Information on likely routes of exposu	
Acute toxicity:	Not classified based on available information.
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Not classified based on available information.
Serious eye damage/eye irritatio	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Skin sensitisation: Not classified based on available information. Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified based on available information.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not classified based on available information.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified based on available information.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified based on available information.
STOT - single exposure:	Not classified based on available information.
STOT - repeated exposure:	Not classified based on available information.
Aspiration toxicity:	Not classified based on available information.
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
12.1 Toxicity	
No data available	
12.2 Persistence and degradability	
No data available	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
No data available	
12.4 Mobility in soil	

- No data available
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
  - Not relevant
- 12.6 Other adverse effects No data available

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**



13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product:	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Contaminated packaging:	Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

- 14.2 UN proper shipping name Not regulated as a dangerous good
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and Not applicable the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals:

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern Not applicable for Authorisation (Article 59).:

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the Not applicable ozone layer:

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants: Not applicable

Seveso II - Directive 2003/105/EC amending Council Directive Not applicable 96/82/EC on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances:

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Further information

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release



and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

#### < Wiper cleaning liquid A>

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
2.1 Classification of the substance or n	nixture
<regulation (ec)="" 1272="" 20<="" no.="" td=""><td>)08&gt;</td></regulation>	)08>
Classification	
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage, Category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
2.2 Label elements	
<regulation (ec)="" 1272="" 20<="" no.="" td=""><td>208&gt;</td></regulation>	208>
Hazard pictograms	L'E
Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statements	Causes skin irritation.
	Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention:	Wear eye protection/ face protection.
	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.
Response:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Hazardous components which n	nust be listed on the label:
	γ-butyrolactone
2.3 Other hazards	

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

#### Classification (REGULATION Classification Content(%) CAS-No. Main Ingredients EC-No. (67/548/EEC) (EC) No 1272/2008) Skin Irrit. 2; H315 bis(2-ethoxyethyl)ether >90 Xi; R38 112-36-7 203-963-7 Xn; R22 Acute Tox. 4; H302 <10 Xi; R41 Eye Dam. 1; H318 y-butyrolactone 96-48-0 202-509-5 R67 STOT SE 3; H336

#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES



4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
Protection of first-aiders:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.
If inhaled:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of skin contact:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
In case of eye contact:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately
If swallowed:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2 Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Risks:	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage.
4.3 Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment:	Treat symptomatically and supportively
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES 5.1 Extinguishing media	3
Suitable extinguishing media:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Dry chemical Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable Extinguishing Mee	dia
	High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from th	e substance or mixture
Specific hazards during fire-fighting:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
	Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products:	Carbon oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Specific extinguishing methods:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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do so. Evacuate area.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions:	Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.	
6.2 Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions:	Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up:	Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.	

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Technical measures:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation:	Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:	Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

OKI	
ety showers are	
using do not eat	

Hygiene measures:	Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	6
Requirements for storage areas and containers:	Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Advice on common storage:	Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Explosives Gases
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Specific use(s):	No data available
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PE 8.1 Control parameters Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) a	ERSONAL PROTECTION according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:
bis(2-ethoxyethyl)ether	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 50.5 mg/m3 End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 3.43 mg/kg bw/day End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 5.96 mg/m3 End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 1.71 mg/kg bw/day End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Ingestion Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 300 mg/kg bw/day End Use: Workers
γ-butyrolactone:	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 130 mg/m3 End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Acute systemic effects Value: 958 mg/m3 End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 19 mg/kg End Use: Consumers

- End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 28 mg/m3 End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Acute systemic effects



Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 8 mg/kg End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Ingestion Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects	
Value: 8 mg/kg	
Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:	
γ-butyrolactone:Fresh water Value: 0.056 mg/l Marine water Value: 0.0056 mg/l Intermittent use/release Value: 0.56 mg/l Sewage treatment plant Value: 452 mg/l Fresh water sediment Value: 0.24 mg/kg Marine sediment Value: 0.02 mg/kg Soil	
Value: 0.0147 mg/kg 8.2 Exposure controls	
Engineering measures: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhau ventilation.	
Personal protective equipment	
Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment: Chemical resistant goggles must be worn. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:Face-shield	
Hand protection	
Material: Nitrile rubber butyl-rubber	
Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals deper on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous subst and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For spe applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with th glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at th of workday.	ance cial e
Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Wear the following personal protective equipment: Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protec clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).	tive
Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstr that exposures are within recommended exposure guidel	
Filter type: Organic vapour type (A)	



### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	1 2	
	Appearance:	liquid
	Color:	Colorless
	Odor	solvent-like
	Odor Threshold:	No data available
	pH:	No data available
	Melting point/freezing point:	No data available
	Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available
	Flash point:	71 °C
		Method: Cleveland open cup
	Evaporation rate:	No data available
	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
	Upper explosion limit:	No data available
	Lower explosion limit:	No data available
	Vapour pressure:	No data available
	Relative vapour density:	No data available
	Density:	0.9-1.1g/cm3 (25°C )
	Water solubility:	soluble
	Solubility in other solvents	soluble Solvent: organic solvents
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not applicable
	Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available
	Thermal decomposition:	No data available
	Viscosity, dynamic:	5 - 15 mPa.s (25 °C)
	Explosive properties:	Not explosive
	Oxidizing properties:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
9.2 (	Other information	

No data available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
  - Hazardous reactions: Combustible liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials
- Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products



No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORM	-
11.1 Information on toxicological	
of exposure:	Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion,
Acute toxicity:	Not classified based on available information.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat): 4,970 mg/kg
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat): 1,582 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Causes skin irritation.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Result:	Skin irritation
Remarks:	Based on data from similar materials
<q-butyrolactone></q-butyrolactone>	
Species:	Rabbit
Result:	No skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Species:	Rabbit
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result:	No eye irritation
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Species:	Rabbit
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result:	Irreversible effects on the eye
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitization:	Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitisation:	Not classified based on available information.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Test Type:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes:	Skin contact
Species:	Mouse
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result:	negative
Remarks:	Based on data from similar materials
<q-butyrolactone></q-butyrolactone>	
Test Type:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes:	Skin contact
Species:	Mouse
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 429



Result:	negative
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified based on available information.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Genotoxicity in vitro	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Genotoxicity in vitro	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Carcinogenicity	Not classified based on available information.
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Species:	Rat
Application Route:	Ingestion
Exposure time:	103 weeks
Result:	negative
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified based on available information.
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Effects on fertility	Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rabbit Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
<y-butyrolactone></y-butyrolactone>	Result. negative
Effects on fertility	Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
STOT - single exposure: <γ-butyrolactone>	Not classified based on available information.
Assessment:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT - repeated exposure:	Not classified based on available information.
Repeated dose toxicity	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Species:	Rat
NOAEL:	2.49 mg/l
Application Route:	inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time:	4 w
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 412



Species: R	lat
NOAEL: 2	25 mg/kg
Application Route: Ir	ngestion
Exposure time: 1	3 w
Aspiration toxicity: N	lot classified based on available information.
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIO	N
12.1 Toxicity	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Toxicity to fish:	LC50 : > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other a invertebrates:	Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to bacteria:	NOEC : > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Toxicity to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chronic toxicity	
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Toxicity to fish:	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 56 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other a invertebrates:	aquatic EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 31.25 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to bacteria:	IC50 : 4,518 mg/l Exposure time: 40 h
12.2 Persistence and degradability	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""></bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	
Biodegradability:	Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Biodegradability:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
<bis(2-ethoxyethyl) ether=""> Partition coefficient: n-octanol</bis(2-ethoxyethyl)>	l/water: log Pow: 0.39
<γ-butyrolactone>	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol 12.4 Mobility in soil No data available	I/water: log Pow: -0.566



#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant

- 12.6 Other adverse effects
  - No data available

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product:	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Contaminated packaging:	Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

- 14.2 UN proper shipping name Not regulated as a dangerous good
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing groupNot regulated as a dangerous good14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

- 14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and	
the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous	NI / P II
chemicals:	Not applicable
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern	
for Authorisation (Article 59).:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the	
ozone layer:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants:	Not applicable
Seveso II - Directive 2003/105/EC amending Council Directive 96/82/EC on the control of major-accident hazards involving	
dangerous substances:	Not applicable
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**



Full text of H-Statements

H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H315:Causes skin irritation.
H318: Causes serious eye damage.
H336:May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.:	Acute toxicity.
Eye Dam.:	Serious eye damage.
STOT SE:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure.
2000/39/EC:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GB EH40:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits.
2000/39/EC / TWA:	Limit Value - eight hours.
GB EH40 / TWA:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period).
Further information	

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

# < Spittoon absorber liquid A >

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

<Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008>

Classification

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

<Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008>

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: Hazard statements Precautionary statements Prevention: Response: Danger Causes serious eye damage.

Wear eye protection/ face protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue



rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

γ-butyrolactone

#### 2.3 Other hazards

None known.

#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Main Ingredients	Content(%)	CAS-No.	EC-No.	Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	85-95	124-17-4	204-685-9	-	None
γ-butyrolactone	5-15	96-48-0	202-509-5	-	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures			
General advice:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.		
Protection of first-aiders:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.		
If inhaled:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
In case of skin contact:	Wash with water and soap as a precaution. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
In case of eye contact:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately		
If swallowed:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water		
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed			
Risks:	Causes serious eye damage.		

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Dry chemical Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable Extinguishing Me	edia

None known.



5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products:	Carbon oxides
dvice for firefighters	

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Specific extinguishing methods:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:	Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.	
6.2 Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions:	Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up:	Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and	

disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Technical measures:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation:	Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:	Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.



	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures:	Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers:	Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed.
Advice on common storage:	Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Specific use(s):	No data available

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	Fresh water Value: 0.108 mg/l Marine water Value: 0.0108 mg/l Intermittent use/release Value: 0.6 mg/l Fresh water sediment Value: 0.8 mg/kg Marine sediment Value: 0.8 mg/kg Soil Value: 0.29 mg/kg Oral
γ-butyrolactone:	Value: 70 mg/kg End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 130 mg/m3 End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Acute systemic effects Value: 958 mg/m3 End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Skin contact Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 19 mg/kg End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects Value: 28 mg/m3 End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Acute systemic effects Value: 28 mg/m3 End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Acute systemic effects Value: 340 mg/m3 End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Skin contact



	Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects
	Value: 8 mg/kg
	End Use: Consumers
	Exposure routes: Ingestion Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects
	Value: 8 mg/kg
Predicted No Effect Concentration	(PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	Fresh water Value: 0.304 mg/l
acelale	Marine water
	Value: 0.0304 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release
	Value: 0.56 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant Value: 90 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment
	Value: 2.03 mg/kg
	Marine sediment
	Value: 0.203 mg/kg
	Soil
	Value: 0.68 mg/kg Oral
	Value: 0.06 g/kg
γ-butyrolactone:	Fresh water
1 2	Value: 0.056 mg/l
	Marine water
	Value: 0.0056 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release
	Value: 0.56 mg/l Sewage treatment plant
	Value: 452 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment
	Value: 0.24 mg/kg
	Marine sediment
	Value: 0.02 mg/kg Soil
	Value: 0.0147 mg/kg
8.2 Exposure controls	
Engineering measures:	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Engineering measures.	Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
Personal protective equipmer	
	Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Eye protection:	Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.
	If splashes are likely to occur, wear:Face-shield
Hand protection	
Material:	Impervious gloves
Material.	Flame retardant gloves
Remarks:	Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending
	on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance
	and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not
	determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special
	applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the
	glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end
	of workday.
Skin and body protection:	Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical



	resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.
Filter type:	Organic vapour type (A)

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Appearance:		liquid		
Color:		colorless		
Odor		solvent-like		
Odor Threshold:		No data available		
pH:		No data available		
Melting point/free	zing point:	No data available		
Initial boiling poin boiling range:	t and	No data available		
Flash point:		116 °C Method: Seta closed cup		
Evaporation rate:		No data available		
Flammability (soli	id, gas)	Not applicable		
Upper explosion I	limit:	10.7 %(V) ( 135 °C)		
Lower explosion I	limit:	0.7 %(V) ( 93 °C)		
Vapour pressure:		No data available		
Vapour density		No data available		
Relative vapour d	lensity:	No data available		
Density:		0.98-1.02g/cm3		
Water solubility:		65 g/l partly soluble		
Partition coefficie n-octanol/water:	nt:	Not applicable		
Auto-ignition temp	perature:	No data available		
Thermal decompo	osition:	No data available		
Viscosity, dynami	ic:	No data available		
Explosive propert	ies:	Not explosive		
Oxidizing properti	ies:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.		
9.2 Other information				

No data available

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions



Hazardous reactions: 10.4 Conditions to avoid	Can react with strong oxidizing agents.			
Conditions to avoid: 10.5 Incompatible materials	None known.			
Materials to avoid:	Oxidizing agents			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition p	roducts			
No hazardous decomposition products are known.				
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORM	ΔΑΤΙΟΝ			
11.1 Information on toxicological effects				
Information on likely routes of exposure:	Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact			
Acute toxicity:	Not classified based on available information.			
Product:				
Acute oral toxicity:	Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method			
Components:				
γ-butyrolactone:				
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat): 1,582 mg/kg			
Acute dermal toxicity:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist			
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Not classified based on available information.			
Components:				
γ-butyrolactone:				
Species:	Rabbit			
Result:	No skin irritation			
Serious eye damage/eye irritatior	n: Causes serious eye damage.			
Components:				
γ-butyrolactone:				
Species:	Rabbit			
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 405			
Result:	Irreversible effects on the eye			
Respiratory or skin sensitization:				
Skin sensitisation:	Not classified based on available information.			
Respiratory sensitisation: Components:	Not classified based on available information.			
γ-butyrolactone:				
Test Type:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)			
Exposure routes:	Skin contact			
Species:	Mouse			
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 429			
Result:	negative			
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified based on available information.			
Components:				



γ-butyrolactone:	
Genotoxicity in vitro	
Test Type:	Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result:	negative
Carcinogenicity	Not classified based on available information.
Components:	
γ-butyrolactone:	
Species:	Rat
Application Route:	Ingestion
Exposure time:	103 weeks
Result:	negative
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified based on available information.
Components:	
γ-butyrolactone:	
Effects on fertility	
Test Type:	Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species:	Rat
Application Route:	Ingestion
Method:	OECD Test Guideline 422
Result:	negative
Remarks:	Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	
Test Type:	Embryo-foetal development
Species:	Rat
Application Route:	Ingestion
Result:	negative
STOT - single exposure:	Not classified based on available information.
Components:	
γ-butyrolactone:	
Assessment:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT - repeated exposure:	Not classified based on available information.
Repeated dose toxicity	
Components:	
γ-butyrolactone:	
Species:	Rat
NOAEL:	225 mg/kg
Application Route:	Ingestion
Exposure time:	13 w
Aspiration toxicity:	Not classified based on available information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 12.1 Toxicity
  - Components: γ-butyrolactone:



Toxicity to fish:	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 56 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h		
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l		
Toxicity to algae:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h		
	NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 31.25 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h		
Toxicity to bacteria:	IC50 : 4,518 mg/l Exposure time: 40 h		
12.2 Persistence and degradability	, ,		
Components:			
γ-butyrolactone:			
Biodegradability:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 77 %		
	Exposure time: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C		
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential			
Components:			
γ-butyrolactone:			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	log Pow: -0.566		
12.4 Mobility in soil			
No data available			
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	essment		
Not relevant			
12.6 Other adverse effects			
No data available			
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIO	DNS		
13.1 Waste treatment methods			
Product:	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.		
Contaminated packaging:	Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.		
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATIC 14.1 UN number	DN		
Not regulated as a dangerous good			
14.2 UN proper shipping name			
Not regulated as a dangerous good			

- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not regulated as a dangerous good
- 14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards



Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specif Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the support of degree of the support	
the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals:	Not applicable
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:	e Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants	: Not applicable
Seveso II - Directive 2003/105/EC amending Council Directive 96/82/EC on the control of major-accident hazards involving	2
dangerous substances:	Not applicable
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Full text of H-Statements

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H336:May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.:	Acute toxicity.
Eye Dam.:	Serious eye damage.

STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure.

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

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