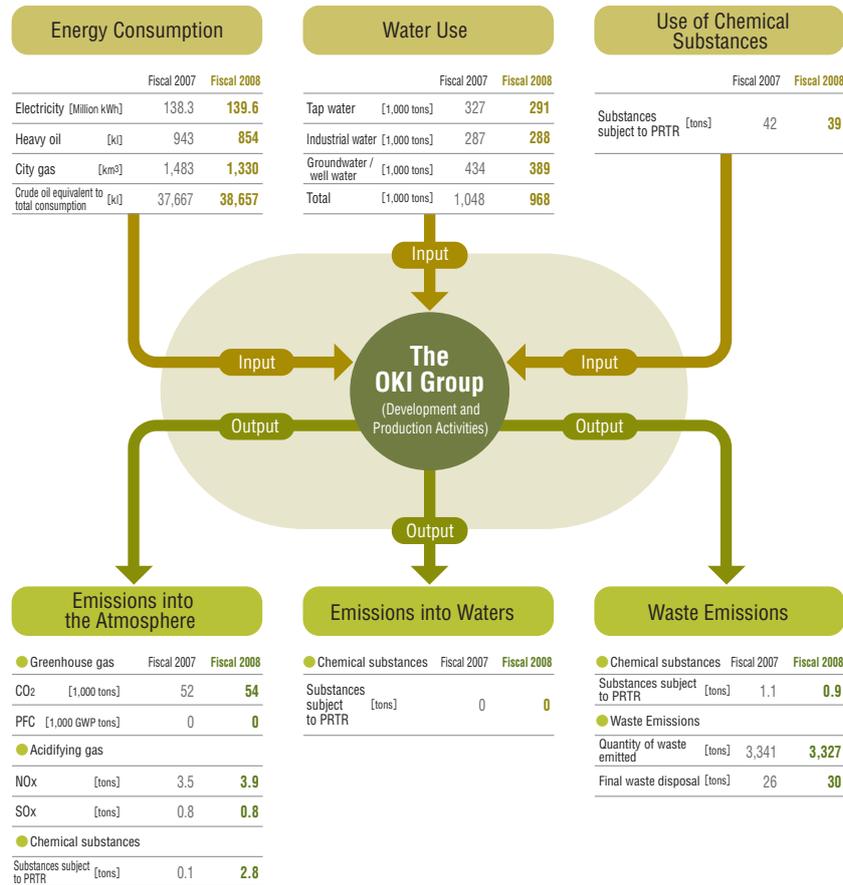


Environmental Impact of Business Activities (Material Balance)

The OKI Group uses energy, water and chemical substances as "input" to conduct business activities focusing on development and production while discharging substances with environmental impact into the atmosphere and waters, and emitting wastes as "output." (The data of the group's semiconductor business are not included here since it was transferred to another company.)

Overall Picture of Environmental Impact



Scope of Environmental Data

	Site
OKI (Japan)	Atago district
	Shibaura district
	Honjo district
	Takasaki district
	Tomioka district
	Numazu district
	Warabi district
	Kansai Laboratory
	Hokkaido Regional Office
	Tohoku Regional Office
Group companies (Japan)	Chubu Regional Office
	Kansai Regional Office
	Chugoku Regional Office
	Shikoku Regional Office
	Kyushu Regional Office
	OKI Data (Fukushima district)
	OKI Printed Circuit
	Nagano OKI
	Shizuoka OKI
	OKI Sensor Device
	OKI Micro Engineering
	OKI Digital Imaging
	OKI Power Tech
	Shinsei Denki Co., Ltd.
	OKI Erfolg
	OKI Engineering
	OKI Logistics
	OKI Customer Adtech
OKI Communication Systems	
OKI Supply Center	
OKI Network Integration	
OKI Development	
OF Networks Co., Ltd.	
Group companies (overseas)	OKI (UK)
	OKI Data Manufacturing (Thailand)
	OKI Telecommunications Technology (Changzhou)
	OKI Electric Industry (Shenzhen)
	OKI Precision (Thailand)
	OKI Electric Technology (Kunshan)
	DongGuan TandXia OKI Micro Engineering Factory

Energy Consumption by Type

Type of energy	Quantity consumed		
	2007	2008	
Electricity	138,302,225	139,569,749	
Petroleum	Benzine (kl)	1,616	
	Kerosene (kl)	51	
	Light gas oil (kl)	333	
	Heavy oil (kl)	943	
Total	2,943	2,896	
Gas	LPG, Liquefied petroleum gas (tons)	93	
	LNG, Liquefied natural gas (tons)	0	
	Total	93	110
	City gas (km ³)	1,483	
Water	Tap water (tons)	327,013	
	Industrial water (tons)	286,694	
	Groundwater / well water (tons)	433,969	
	Total	1,047,676	968,273

Breakdown of CO₂ Emissions

Category	Emission (1,000 tons)	Sites
Major sites of the OKI Group	44	Warabi district, Shibaura district, Honjo district, Tomioka district, Numazu district, Takasaki district, OKI Data, Nagano OKI, OKI Printed Circuit, OKI Erfolg
Other sites	10	Other sites
Total	54	All sites in the scope

Environmental Accounting

The OKI Group introduced environmental accounting in fiscal 1999 to evaluate its efforts for environmental conservation in terms of costs and effects. Since then, we have conducted environmental activities in a highly efficient way to optimize investment effects.

■ Environmental Conservation Costs

The OKI Group has adopted a specific procedure for selecting equipment and devices with low environmental impact and has used it when renewing or introducing any production equipment. Our overseas group companies have also adopted this environmentally conscious capital investment. For example they always select products with low environmental impact when selecting new equipment, such as air-conditioning controlling equipment, for their sites. Capital investment in fiscal 2008 amounted to 270 million yen (compared to 400 million yen in the previous fiscal year) while the amount of costs was 1.31 billion yen (broadly flat compared to the previous year).

Investment / Costs

(Unit: million yen)

Category	Main Efforts	Investment		Costs		
		2007	2008	2007	2008	
Cost in business areas	Pollution prevention cost	Investment in pollution control facilities, and maintenance and operation costs	27	5	61	57
	Global environment conservation cost	Investment in energy-saving facilities, and maintenance and operation costs	148	116	85	112
	Resource recycling cost	Investment in facilities for internal treatment of organic waste liquid, waste recycling costs	101	104	404	318
	Total		276	225	550	487
Upstream / downstream cost	Green procurement (chemical substances survey) costs, costs for remodeling systems to collect data on chemical substances contained in products	98	19	408	330	
Administration cost	Costs for obtaining environment management certifications, and maintenance and operation costs	19	20	281	284	
R&D cost	Investment in facilities for lead-free soldering, R&D costs for lead-free soldering	0	1	62	205	
Social activity cost	Costs for planting trees in production sites, costs for activities contributing to local communities	0	1	2	3	
Other cost	Cost for reserves to respond to environmental damages	1	1	9	1	
Total			395	267	1,312	1,310

■ Benefits Related to Environmental Conservation Costs

As the real income effect decreased compared to the previous year, the economic effects amounted to 370 million yen (compared to 480 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

The main reason for the increase in CO₂ emission with respect to the environmental conservation effects was due to the fact that power companies changed their CO₂ emission factors (electric power factors). The volume of energy consumed stayed at the same level as in the previous fiscal year.

Economic Effects

(Unit: million yen)

Category	Main Efforts	Amount of Effects		
		2007	2008	
Cost reduction effect	Effect of saving energy and resources	Reduction of electricity, petroleum, gas, packaging materials, etc. used in business activities	-5	-9
	Effect of reducing treatment cost	Reduction of waste generated from business activities through recycling	-10	10
Real income effect	Sale of valuable waste generated from business activities		155	159
	Sale of used valuable products		342	209
Total			482	369

Environmental Conservation Effects

Environmental impact indicator	Impact		Difference compared to previous fiscal year
	2007	2008	
CO ₂ emissions (ton-CO ₂)	51,972	54,029	2,057
Waste emissions Final waste disposal	26	30	4

(Accounting Period)

Period from April 1, 2008 to March 31, 2009

(Accounting Conditions)

- The calculations standards are based on the "Environmental Accounting Guidelines 2005" published by the Ministry of Environment.
- The above accounting data include those of some affiliated companies that operate in the same locations of the group companies or sites subject to environmental accounting.
- When environmental conservation costs and other costs are consumed for a single activity, only the environment costs are calculated for environmental accounting.
- The depreciation cost of investment is calculated using the fixed installment method for a period of three years. The economic benefits achieved due to these investments is calculated for three years, in line with the depreciation period.
- Personnel costs are calculated by prorating the personnel costs for the total time spent on environmental conservation activities.
- The cost reduction effects and the environmental conservation effect are the values of the current fiscal year reduced by the values of the previous year.
- The real income effect represents the value for the current fiscal year.

Detailed Data of Environmental Accounting by Type of Company

The companies of the OKI Group have actively invested in environmental conservation costs and resource recycling costs. They have also addressed the expansion of real income effects by appropriately collecting, separating, disposing and selling waste and used products.

Environmental Conservation Costs (Detailed Data)

(Unit:1,000 yen)

Category	Investment					Costs				
	OKI	Group companies		Total (consolidated)	OKI	Group companies		Total (consolidated)		
		Japan	Overseas			Japan	Overseas			
Cost in business areas	Pollution prevention cost	0	3,316	1,312	4,628	26,756	23,038	7,556	57,350	
	Global environment conservation cost	102,015	6,674	8,309	116,998	93,689	15,389	2,840	111,918	
	Resource recycling cost	0	103,068	752	103,820	115,338	181,208	21,572	318,118	
	Total	102,015	113,058	10,373	225,446	235,783	219,635	31,968	487,386	
Upstream / downstream cost	6,000	11,990	1,114	19,104	73,037	247,035	10,162	330,234		
Administration cost	0	16,644	3,083	19,727	207,315	64,407	12,170	283,892		
R&D cost	0	0	931	931	0	205,203	0	205,203		
Social activity cost	0	773	509	1,282	686	1,759	741	3,186		
Environmental damage cost	0	0	0	0	880	0	0	880		
Other costs	0	0	131	131	0	0	0	0		
Total	108,015	142,465	16,141	266,621	517,701	738,039	55,041	1,310,781		

Economic Effects (Detailed Data)

(Unit:1,000 yen)

Category	Economic Effects				Total (consolidated)
	OKI	Group companies		Total (consolidated)	
		Japan	Overseas		
Cost reduction effect	Effect of saving energy and resources	-28,892	-12,002	31,638	-9,256
	Effect of reducing treatment cost	-470	9,917	461	9,908
	Total	-29,362	-2,085	32,099	652
Real income effect	Income from selling valuable waste	48,747	315,247	4,461	368,455
Total	19,385	313,162	36,560	369,107	

Major Environmental Conservation Efforts

The OKI Group has been active in improving lighting efficiency, remodeling production lines, and developing energy-saving products and products in conformity with RoHS directive.

Main 5 Efforts in Each Category in Japan

(Unit:1,000 yen)

Category	Main Efforts	Amount	Site / Company
Investment	Shift to built-in energy-saving facilities	25,130	Honjo district
	Improvement of lighting efficiency	23,460	Takasaki district
	Shift to inverter lighting fixtures	17,439	Honjo district
	Additional introduction of X-ray analyzers	9,956	OKI Power Tech
	Renewal of lighting fixtures	9,179	Tomioka district
Costs	Development of low-power-consumption control units	198,000	OKI Data
	Cost for hiring waste disposers	72,251	OKI Printed Circuits
	Maintenance and operation cost for waste water treatment facilities	63,977	OKI Data
	R&D costs for lead-free soldering	25,000	Honjo district
	Prototyping and evaluation cost for 16 energy-saving power supply units that meet RoHS requirements	6,880	OKI Power Tech
Economic Effects	Collection and recycling of precious metal	137,244	OKI Sensor Device
	Income from selling valuable waste	43,428	OKI Supply Center
	Reduction of electricity expense through shifting to inverter lighting fixtures	22,700	Honjo district
	Effects of recycling pallets	13,715	OKI Data
	Income from selling scrap iron	8,490	Honjo district

Main 3 Efforts in Each Category in Overseas

(Unit:1,000 yen)

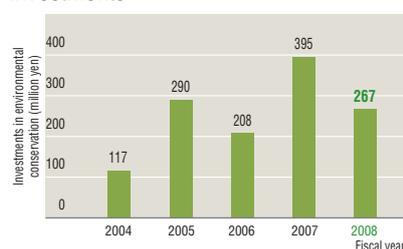
Category	Main Efforts	Amount	Site / Company
Investment	Introduction of highly-efficient freezing machines	2,842	OKI Data Manufacturing (Thailand)
	Remodeling of production lines (for improving efficiency)	1,817	OKI Micro Engineering (DongGuan)
	Control of power supply units with Scada Program	1,561	OKI Data Manufacturing (Thailand)
Costs	Waste disposal cost	2,895	OKI (UK)
	Air-conditioner maintenance cost	2,792	OKI (UK)
	Cost for planting trees at production site	1,760	OKI Electric Industry (Shenzhen)

* Exchange rates: 174 yen/E, 2.96 yen/Baht

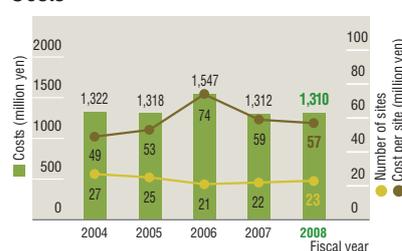
Changes in Environmental Accounting

The following graphs show how the OKI Group's environmental accounting has changed for the past five years in terms of investments, costs and economic effects.

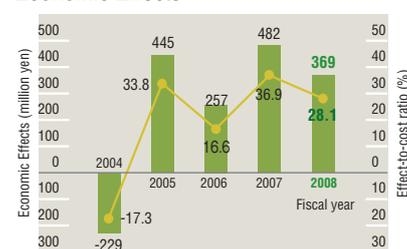
Investments



Costs



Economic Effects



Environmental Management

In order to facilitate information sharing and improve the efficiency of business processes, the environmental activities of all group companies inside and outside Japan have been managed in an integrated way under the same environmental management system at the OKI Group. We also provide general environmental education for all employees of the group as well as specialized environmental education targeted at departments such as Sales and Design by use of e-learning every year. In addition, educational programs on and audits of environmental issues related to products, such as chemical substance control and green procurement, are carried out on a regular basis at each group company or production site in order to promote our conformity with the relevant regulations.

The Scope of ISO14001 Consolidated Certification

Atago Site
Shibaura Site
Warabi Site
Takasaki Site
Honjo/Tomioka Site
Numazu Site
OKINET Ecchujima Site
ODC Fukushima Site
OEF Fukushima Site
OPT Fukushima Site
OPT Omiya Site

OME Fukushima Site
OPC Niigata Site
ODK Gotanda Site
NOK Nagano Site
OLC Eitai/Iseaki Site
OLC Hokkaido Branch Office Site
OLC Tohoku Branch Office Site
OLC Chubu Branch Office Site
OLC Kansai Branch Office Site
OLC Chugoku Branch Office Site
OLC Shikoku Branch Office Site

OLC Kyushu Branch Office Site
OEG Hikawadai Branch Office Site
OFN Makuhari Site
OCM Tokorozawa/Hidaka Site
OKI Kansai Techno Research Center Site
Hachioji R&D Center Site
ODI Hachioji Site
Hokkaido Regional Office Site
Tohoku Regional Office Site
Chubu Regional Office Site
Kansai Regional Office Site

Chugoku Regional Office Site
Shikoku Regional Office Site
Kyushu Regional Office Site
ODMT Ayutthaya Site (Thailand)
OPMT Chiang Mai Site (Thailand)
OME Dong Guan Site (China)
OKN Kunshan Site (China)
OTTC Changzhou Site (China)
OSZ Shenzhen Site (China)

■ Environmental Education

The OKI Group's general environmental education in fiscal 2008 covered the environmental policy and the environmental activity plan of the group as well as the results of our energy-saving activities while the specialized environmental education probed into the control of chemical substances in products focusing on REACH regulation.



Lecture on the management of chemical substances in products at an overseas production site

■ Environmental Communication

The OKI Group has published "Environmental Report" featuring the environmental activities of the group every year since fiscal 1999. In addition, we have also been active in building positive relationships with local communities by participating in cleaning activities. In fiscal 2008, we participated in such cleaning activities in the Shibaura district and the OKI Kansai Regional Office district.



Regular cleaning of a street in Shibaura district



OKI Kansai Regional Office participated in the Clean Osaka 2008 campaign

■ Environmental Social Contribution

OKI has supported various environmental NPOs and NGOs. In fiscal 2008, we supported "Morino Chonai-Kai (Forest Neighborhood Association)" a joint environmental program by Office Chonai-kai, an environmental NPO, and Iwaizumi Town in Iwate, by using "the paper contributing to tree thinning" for its environmental and CSR reports. OKI's purchase of the paper enabled the NPO and the town to thin trees in a forest area of 0.2 hectares.

Environmental NPOs and NGOs supported by OKI

- NPO Green Earth Center
- NPO Nippon Environment Club
- Ecosystem Conservation Society
- NPO Moridukuri Forum

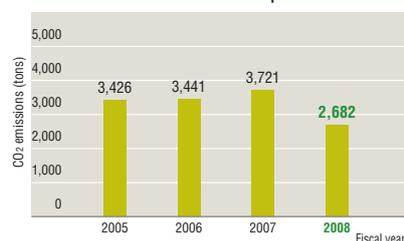
Reducing Environmental Impact of Business Activities

The OKI Group has been active in reducing environmental impact of its business activities in order to contribute to environmental conservation.

■ Reducing Environmental Impact of Physical Distribution

OKI, as a shipper, has enhanced its efforts to reduce environmental impact of physical distribution in partnership with OKI Logistics (hereinafter called OLC). As a pioneer in reducing CO₂ emissions by adopting modal shift, OLC has accumulated a wide spectrum of transit information and organized it into a database to fully meet the requirements of the revised Act on the Rational Use of Energy. OLC has also carried out training programs on "eco-driving" for its employees as part of its commitment to reducing CO₂ emissions. The volume of CO₂ emitted from OLC's transport activities in fiscal 2008 decreased 28% to 2,682 tons compared to the previous fiscal year. The CO₂ emissions reduced by modal shift amounted to 373 tons.

CO₂ Emissions from Transport Activities



Modal Shift Efforts

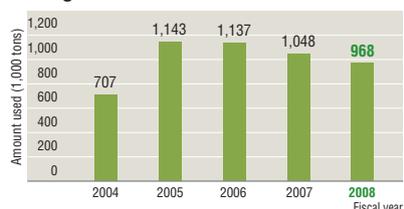
Site	Transportation by truck			Transportation Using JR Containers		
	Departure point	Destination	Distance(km)	Departure point	Destination	Distance(km)
Hokkaido (Sapporo)	Isesaki	Sapporo	1,081	Kuragano	Sapporo	1,175
Tohoku (Sendai)	Isesaki	Sendai	378	Kuragaya	Sendai	404
Chubu (Nagoya)	Isesaki	Nagoya	500	Kuragano	Nagoya	549
Kansai (Osaka)	Isesaki	Osaka	520	Kuragano	Osaka	549
Chugoku (Hiroshima)	Isesaki	Hiroshima	915	Kuragano	Hiroshima	887
Shikoku (Takamatsu)	Isesaki	Takamatsu	719	Kuragano	Takamatsu	745
Kyushu (Fukuoka)	Isesaki	Fukuoka	1,199	Kuragano	Fukuoka	1,225

Energy used for trucking can be reduced to one-third through modal shift to rail transport.

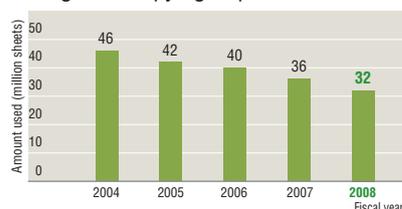
■ Resources Used in Business Activities

The amount of water used was reduced by 7.6% compared to the previous fiscal year to 968,000 tons as a result of water recycling activities at production sites. The amount of paper used was also decreased mainly by shifting to digital documents. The amount of packaging materials was reduced by 22.2% to 2,100 tons in fiscal 2008 by promoting recycling and simpler packaging.

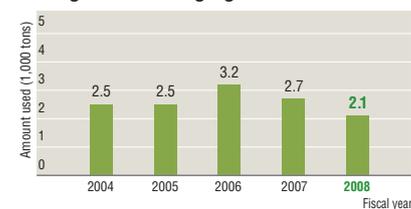
Changes in Water Used



Changes in Copying Paper Used



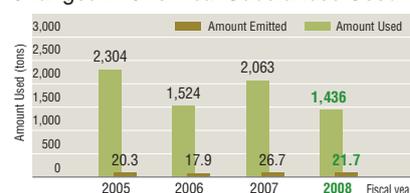
Changes in Packaging Materials Used



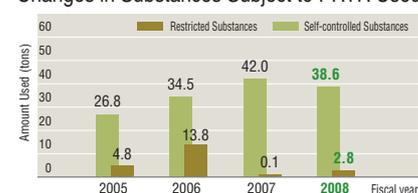
■ Controlling and Reducing Chemical Substances Used at Production Sites

We have specified a set of chemical substances with serious environmental impact and classified them into three groups: "Prohibited," "Restricted" and "Self-controlled." The amount of chemical substances used in the fiscal 2008 was 1,436 tons (30.4% decrease compared to the previous fiscal year). The amount of substances subject to the PRTR system that were used at our production sites was 38.6 tons (8.1% decrease compared to the previous fiscal year). The amount of those emitted from our production activities was 2.8 tons. We will continue to reduce chemical substances with environmental risks by restraining the usage thereof and shifting to other safer substances.

Changes in Chemical Substances Used



Changes in Substances Subject to PRTR Used



PRTR Results of Fiscal 2008

(Unit: tons)

Chemical substance	Amount used	Emission into				Amount transferred to	
		Atmosphere	Public waters	Soil at production site	Total	Sewage system	Outside production site
Formaldehyde	10.55	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Xylene	9.28	<0.01	1.0	<0.01	1.0	<0.01	<0.01
Toluene	7.22	1.76	<0.01	<0.01	1.76	<0.01	<0.01
Hydrogen fluoride	5.90	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Nickel and its compounds	5.69	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.92
Total	38.64	2.76	<0.01	<0.01	2.76	<0.01	0.92

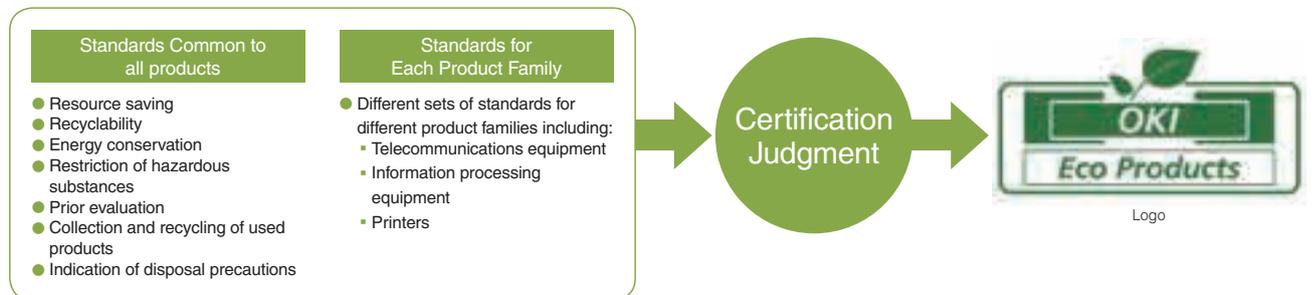
Environmentally Conscious Products

With our commitment to providing environment-friendly products clearly expressed in the OKI Group Environmental Policy, we have been actively involved in the reduction of power consumption, the elimination of hazardous substances and the conservation of resources.

■ OKI Eco Products

In order to provide customers with environmentally conscious products, the OKI Group has operated the "OKI Eco Product Certification Program." The program is intended to internally certify products that meet the OKI's original environmental standards and offer customers product information related to environmental conservation. Every product needs to meet two sets of standards, the standards common to all products and those set for each product family, to be certified as an OKI Eco Product bearing the OKI Eco Product logo. The catalog and user's manual for the product also come with the same logo. Certified OKI Eco Products and their specifications in terms of environmental conservation are disclosed on the Internet. Approximately 50 products – including telecommunications equipment, information processing equipment and printers – were certified as OKI Eco Products by the end of fiscal 2008.

Steps to registration as OKI Eco Product



Major OKI Eco Products

Wireless IP Multifunctional Phone "MKT/IP-30DK WHFWL"
 〈 Environmental Performance 〉
 44% reduction in power consumption compared to the conventional model
 8% reduction in weight compared to the conventional model

IP and Mobile Business Phone "IP Stage SX"
 〈 Environmental Performance 〉
 54% reduction in power consumption compared to the conventional model
 52% reduction in weight compared to the conventional model

Staff-Operated Cybernetic Ticket Issuing Machine
 〈 Environmental Performance 〉
 25% reduction in operating power consumption compared to the conventional model
 20% reduction in standby power consumption compared to the conventional model

■ New Products in Fiscal 2008

Environmentally-Conscious "COREFIDO" Printer Series

"COREFIDO" is a new printer series for office use with a five-year, free-of-charge warranty. All printers of the series meet the requirement of the International Energy Star Program (see Page 11), RoHS directive and the Act on Promoting Green Purchasing. Among them, the A3 color printer with a user-friendly LCD control panel, allows 30-pages-per-minute high-speed printing and features a 1,460-sheet high capacity feeder. The printer supplies compatible with the A3 printer and the multifunctional model of the series help save cost. The A4 black and white model of the series also helps save paper with its duplex printing function.

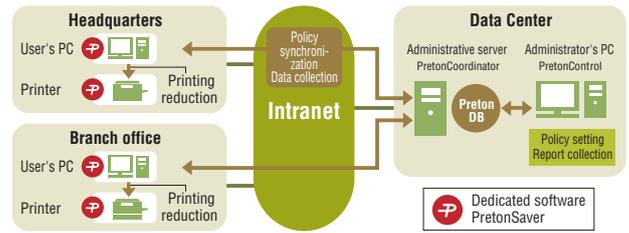
COREFIDO is a product for the Japanese office market.



C830dn A3 color printer of the "COREFIDO" Series

“PretonSaver”, a Printing Cost Reduction System

“PretonSaver”, developed by OKI Network Integration, is a green IT system to reduce printing costs at offices. As the system allows the consolidated management of all networked printers at an office, the administrator is able to set all printing conditions for them (such as choices over print qualities, one side or double face printing, color or black and white, etc.) in advance. In this way, users are able to save toner and paper without thinking about complex settings. Under this system, the operational status of each printer is recorded. Such data is very useful when planning cost saving for the office.



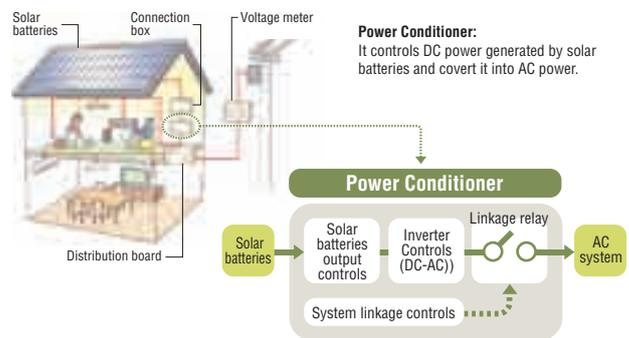
Configuration of PretonSave

■ New Products Developed in Fiscal 2008

DSP-Controlled Power Conditioner for Solar Photovoltaic Source

OKI Power Tech, in partnership with JFE Electrical & Control Systems, developed a highly-efficient photovoltaic power conditioner in February 2009. It is industry's first power conditioner applying a DSP (Digital Signal Processing) controller to an insulated DCDC converter*, and allows flexible control of currents and voltages. Compared to the conventional DCDC converter control, it can maintain high power conversion efficiency even when electricity production from solar batteries is low, and can maintain a conversion efficiency of over 90% at 50% output.

* DCDC converter: an equipment to convert a DC voltage into a different DC voltage.

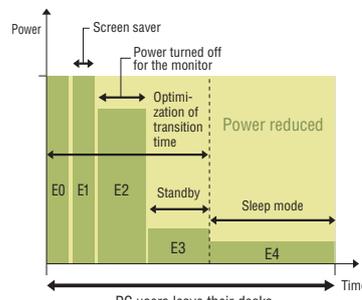


Example of a system using the Power Conditioner for Solar Photovoltaic Source

“Cool Clover”, an Energy Management System for IT Equipment

With a server dedicated to reducing power consumption, “Cool Clover” is a system to centrally control networked IT equipment such as PCs and printers. Utilizing a “convenience index”, “Cool Clover” learns the sleep mode settings of IT equipment and the behavioral patterns of users, particularly when and how long they leave their desks, and controls power consumption by predicting their absence in advance. It also visualizes the power consumed by users on the screens of their PCs to encourage them to save energy. The system reduces 18% power consumption at the testing stage.

* Convenience index: an index to show a correlation between the sleep mode settings of users' PCs and the time they spend away from their desks.



Example of how power consumption is controlled by using sleep mode settings



Example of "visualization"

“ecoSurge μ”, an Environment Conscious Surge Suppressor

OKI Electric Cable developed “ecoSurge μ”, the world's first surge suppressor by combining a surge (instantaneous excessive voltage noise) suppressing cable and an energy regeneration module (to convert heat into power).

This innovative combination can reduce power used for suppressing surge to 1/30 compared to the conventional systems, and volume to 1/80. It also meets the requirements of RoHS directive. Although the product is intended to be used mainly for suppressing excessive voltage happening on motors and inverters used for elevators and air conditioners for industrial use, its size and power saving capability allow a wide variety of applications, such as one for suppressing surge on an existing distribution board at a production site.



ecoSurge μ

Progress of the OKI Group's Environmental Activities

The OKI Group's environmental activities were officially launched in the 1970's. After being involved in various environmental conservation activities for quite a long time, we started making our main production sites acquire ISO14001 Certification in 1997. In 2004, we completed the "company-wide network-type environmental management system" under which the environment-related activities of all group companies are managed in an integrated way. Since then, we have continued to expand the Scope of ISO14001 Consolidated Certification to many sites inside and outside Japan.

Trends in environmental issues	Month/Year	Efforts (Topics)	Trends in environmental issues	Month/Year	Efforts (Topics)
1970's Pollution Prevention	Nov 1970	Organized a project team at the headquarters to address pollution problems	2000's Creation of Recycling-based Society Global Environmental Issues	Apr 2000	Established Global Environment Division at the headquarters
	Jan 1971	Established rules for countermeasures against pollution		Aug 2000	Disclosed environmental accounting in the "Environmental Activity Report 2000"
	Sep 1973	Established a special WG for environmental conservation in the OES (OKI Engineering Standard) Committee		Nov 2000	Established a company to recycle used products
	Jun 1979	Started environmental audits by the headquarters		Dec 2000	Established the "OKI Eco Product Registration Standards"
1980's	May 1981	Started environmental audits at group companies		Feb 2001	Started safety audits by the headquarters
	Apr 1983	Established rules for environmental management		May 2001	Formulated the "OKI Eco Plan 21" (2001 version)
	Apr 1984	Established environmental management standards (OEPS)		Aug 2001	Published "Site Environment Reports" on six sites of OKI
	Aug 1988	Started to reduce the use of designated chlorofluorocarbons		Aug 2001	Miyazaki OKI achieved "zero emission" of industrial wastes.
1990's Global Environmental Issues	Sep 1990	Started to reduce the use of 1, 1, 1-trichloroethane, trichloroethylene and dichloromethane		Dec 2001	Built a mass production line for lead-free soldering at Nagano OKI
	Mar 1993	Formulated the OkI Environmental Protection Activity Plan		Jan 2002	Miyazaki OKI won the Minister's Award as a superior energy control plant from the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry.
	Mar 1993	Abolished totally the use of designated chlorofluorocarbons		Mar 2002	All production sites of the OKI Group in Japan acquired ISO14001 Certification.
	Sep 1993	Abolished totally the use of 1, 1, 1-trichloroethane		May 2002	Formulated the "OKI Eco Plan 21" (2002 version)
	May 1995	Established an advanced evaluation system to assess the environmental impact of product designs and packagings	Mar 2003	All major production sites of the OKI Group in Japan achieved "zero emission" of industrial wastes.	
	Dec 1995	Announced at a press conference of a plan to acquire ISO14001 Certification	May 2003	Formulated the "OKI Eco Plan 21" (2003 version)	
	Aug 1996	Formulated the "Basic Environmental Policy" and the "Environmental Protection Activity Plan"	Nov 2003	Acquired designation as a "Cross-jurisdictional Waste Treatment Manufacturer" from the Ministry of Environment	
	Feb 1997	Miyazaki OKI acquired ISO14001 Certification.	Mar 2004	Integrated various systems for collecting information on chemical substance in products into a company-wide system	
	Mar 1997	Abolished totally the use of trichloroethylene and dichloromethane	Mar 2004	Achieved lead-free soldering in substrates newly designed in Japan for information equipment	
	Jul 1997	Hachioji district acquired ISO14001 Certification.	Apr 2004	Established Environment Business Team	
	Mar 1998	The goal of the OKI's all major production sites of acquiring ISO14001 was achieved.	May 2004	Formulated a new "Environmental Policy"	
	Dec 1998	The goal of OKI Group's all major production sites of acquiring ISO14001 was achieved.	Mar 2005	Acquired ISO14001 Consolidated Certification	
	Feb 1999	Miyagi OKI won the Director General Award of the Agency of Natural Resources and Energy as a Superior Resources and Energy Control Plant.	Dec 2005	Completed transition to ISO14001:2004	
	Mar 1999	Formulated the "Green Procurement Guidelines" as a corporate standard	Jun 2006	Obtain the Ministry of Environment's approval as a "Cross-jurisdictional Waste Treatment Manufacturer"	
	July 1999	Established a used product recycling center in Honjo district	Dec 2006	The OKI Group in Thailand obtained ISO14001 Consolidated Certification.	
	Aug 1999	Formulated the "OKI Eco Plan 21"	Nov 2007	Established the OKI Group standards for controlling chemical substances in products	
	Sep 1999	Published the first edition of "Environmental Report 1999"	Mar 2008	Major production sites in China area started to obtain ISO14001 Consolidated Certification.	
				Mar 2009	Developed an information system in compliance with REACH regulation
				Mar 2009	Major production sites in China area obtained ISO14001 Consolidated Certification.

External Awards

The OKI Group's environmental activities have been highly acclaimed even outside the group.

Awards Given by Outside Organizations in Fiscal 2008

Month/Year	Award Winner	Name of Award	Reason to be Awarded
August 2008	OKI Data	Chinese Green Technology Award	"LED Printer Technology" that helps realize green offices
September 2008	OKI	Judging Committee Special Award of Green IT Award 2008	"Energy Conservation System for Distribution Outlets" developed using wireless network technology
September 2008	OKI Data Manufacturing (Thailand)	Environmental Activity Award (from the Thai Ministry of Industry)	Environmental activities in local communities (as the only Japanese winner in Ayutthaya district)
October 2008	OKI Power Tech	The 5th "Cho (Super)" Monodzukuri Component Award (Encouragement Award)	"Powdered Amorphous Core Transformer" that helps save power consumption and downsize power supply units
March 2009	OKI	"11-year Continuing Commitment to ISO14001" Award	11-year commitment to obtaining and utilizing ISO Environmental Management Certifications