THE PATH TO VALUE CREATION

For over 140 years since its founding, OKI has been delivering a succession of advanced products and services underpinned by the Company's "enterprising spirit" to meet the needs of society. We will continue our efforts to realize a comfortable and affluent tomorrow for everyone by creating values that contribute to the resolution of social issues.

Delivering OK! to your life.

1881 (14th year, Meiji Era) Kibataro Oki established Meikosha, Ltd.



Japan's postal, telegraph, and telephone services all started in the early Meiji era, when Kibataro Oki founded Meikosha, Ltd., and one by one evolved to become our present information communication system. In the early days of telecommunications, Kibataro recognized the future of telegraphs and telephones and worked hard to develop them. Four years after the phone was brought in from the United States, he succeeded in developing Japan's first domestic telephone.

The "enterprising spirit" of Kibataro, who paved the way with his own technology and creativity, has been passed down inside the company and makes OKI what it is today.

- 1881 Meikosha, Ltd. established by Kibataro Oki. Japan's first domestically produced telephone developed and displayed at the National Industrial Exhibition
- **1896** Japan's first domestically produced in-line multiple telephone switchboard delivered to Naniwacho Branch Telephone Office in Tokyo and put into operation
- **1902** First Japan-made magnetic parallel multiple telephone switchboard delivered to Nagasaki Telephone Office
- **1918** 100% Japan-made common-battery telephone switchboard delivered to Takanawa Telephone Office in Tokyo
- **1930** First in-house AEI-type automatic exchange delivered to Nakano Telephone Office in Tokyo



Promotional poster for Meikosha, Ltd.

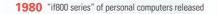


Magnetic parallel multiple telephone switchboard

881-

1950 Mass production of the Type-4 telephone a symbol of Japan's reconstruction—began

- **1953** Page printing telegram "Teletypewriter" released
- **1961** Computer equipped with first Japan-made core memory released
- **1962** Order received from Honduras to construct a telecommunications network
- **1963** Mass production of Type-600 telephone began. Shipped a total of 3.9 million such phones by 1971
- 1969 "OKITAC®-4300" minicomputer released
- 1971 D10 electronic telephone switchboard delivered to Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Public Corporation
- **1975** Agreement concluded with US-based Bell Laboratories to jointly develop a cellular car phone
- 1976 "OKIFAX 7100" digital thermal facsimile machine released



- **1981** World's first LED printer developed
- **1982** World's first cash-recycling ATMs, the "AT-100 series," released
- **1985** Integrated production of car/mobile phones began by Oki Telecom Group of Oki America Inc.
- 1986 Japanese-English automatic translation system "PENSEE" released
- **1996** Computer-Telephony Integration System "CTstage®" released Japan's first VoIP system released
- 1998 ISO 14001 certification acquired for all OKI production bases

LED printe

1980.

VoIP system

Cash-recycling

ATM

2000 World's first millimeter wave optical fiber wireless transmission system for ITS road-vehicle communication systems successfully developed

- 2002 EMS business began
- 2003 Next-generation Aeronautical Telecommunication Network (ATN) router delivered to the United States Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)
- 2005 Real-time earthquake disaster prevention system developed
- 2006 World's first dissimilar-material thin-film-bonding technology, "epifilm bonding," successfully mass-produced at the practical level
- 2008 "COREFIDO" series of printers and Multifunction Printers (MFPs) released for the Japanese market with the industry's first free five-year warranty
- 2009 "ATM-Recycler G7," a cash-recycling ATM capable of handling the paper money of multiple countries, developed for the worldwide market



COREFIDO



An early EMS factory

Values provided by OKI	Contributing to the development of domestic telecommunications networks as a pioneer of the times	Working hard on post-war telecommunications network reconstr Participating in a joint project of the public and private sector to develop a domestically produced computer to lead the times as a comprehensive	uction Celebrating the 100th anniversary, providing systems and products worldwide necessary for an advanced information society	Developing products and services that resp needs based on our original technology in o to support social infrastructure in a broad so
Historical background and social issues	Dawn of industrial modernization Reconstruction after the Great Kanto earthquake	telecommunications manufacturer Post-war reconstruction Period of high economic growth	Development of globalization Spread of the Internet and the advancement of information society	Changes in the social order and increasingly diverse values and needs Increased awareness of the environment, human rights, etc.

OKITAC-4300

Type-600 telephone

1950-

*MDGs (Millennium Development Goals): development goals for the year 2015 that were established to help resolve poverty problems and other issues in developing countries.

- For details on OKI's history, please visit the websites below. History
- https://www.oki.com/en/profile/history/
- The 120-Year History of Oki Electric
- https://www.oki.com/en/profile/history/120y.html
- 130th Anniversary Column: OKI and the Changing Times
- https://www.oki.com/en/130column/



ATM-Recycler G7



- 2014 "River Monitoring System" that uses a 920 MHz band multi-hop wireless network developed
- 2019 Expressed support for the TCFD
 - AI Edge Computer "AE2100" released
 - "AI Edge Robot," a service robot that helps resolve labor shortages, developed
- **2020** "Hygienic Touch Panel[™]," which enables non-contact screen operation, developed
- 2021 "Innovation Strategy" until 2030 announced
- 2022 Honjo Plant H1 building completed as Japan's first "ZEB" certified large-scale production facility

New DX Strategy announced



AI Edge Computer AF2100

AI Edge Robot





Hygienic Touch Panel



Creating products that respond to new social needs, including disaster prevention and reduction as well as non-contact/non-face-to-face products